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Form ADV, Part 2A Brochure

July 1, 2021

This brochure provides information about the qualifications and business practices of Triad Investment Management, LLC. If you have any questions about the contents of this brochure, please contact David Hutchison at (949) 679-3991 or dhutchison@triadim.com. The information in this brochure has not been approved or verified by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission or by any state securities authority. Any reference to or use of the terms “registered investment adviser” or “registered,” does not imply that Triad Investment Management, LLC or any person associated with Triad Investment Management, LLC has achieved a certain level of skill or training. Additional information about Triad Investment Management, LLC is available on the SEC’s website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov.

ITEM 2 - MATERIAL CHANGES

The purpose of this page is to inform you of any material changes to our brochure. If you are receiving this brochure for the first time this section may not be relevant to you.

Triad Investment Management, LLC (“Triad”) reviews and updates our brochure at least annually to make sure that it is still current. We have not made material changes since the previous annual update to our brochure, dated February 23, 2021.

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ITEM 4 - ADVISORY BUSINESS

Description of Advisory Firm

Triad Investment Management, LLC (“Triad,” “we,” “our,” or “us”) is a privately owned limited liability company headquartered in Newport Beach, CA. Triad is registered as an investment adviser with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. John Heldman, Partner, founded Triad in 2008. Mr. Heldman and David Hutchison, Partner & Chief Compliance Officer, are the principal owners of the firm.

Fiduciary Duty

Registered investment advisers are considered fiduciaries under federal law. Our fiduciary duty carries with it an obligation to act in the best interest of our clients pursuant to a relationship of trust and confidence. It encompasses a *duty of care* and a *duty of loyalty*.

Duty of Care

The duty of care includes, among other things,

1. the duty to provide advice that is in the best interest of the client;
2. the duty to seek best execution of a client’s transactions where the adviser has the responsibility to select broker-dealers to execute client trades; and
3. the duty to provide advice and monitoring over the course of the relationship.

The duty to provide advice suitable to each client based on a reasonable understanding of the client’s objectives is a critical component of the duty of care. Providing suitable advice includes making a reasonable inquiry into the client’s financial situation, investment experience, and financial goals and then updating this information as necessary throughout the course of the relationship to reflect the client’s changing objectives over time and adjusting the advice we provide to reflect any changed circumstances.

When Triad has the responsibility to select broker-dealers to execute client trades in discretionary accounts, we seek to trade such that the client’s total cost or proceeds in each transaction are the most favorable under the circumstances. In doing so, we consider the full range and quality of a broker’s services and so the determinative factor is not necessarily the lowest possible commission cost but whether the transaction represents the best qualitative execution. Moreover, we periodically and systematically evaluate the execution we receive on behalf of our clients.

Our duty of care includes an obligation to provide advice and monitoring at a frequency that is in the best interest of the client, taking into account the scope of the agreed relationship. This scope is indicated by the duration and nature of the services as outlined in each client’s advisory arrangement and extends to all personalized advice provided to clients.

Duty of Loyalty

Triad adheres to a duty of loyalty where we seek to serve the best interests of our clients and never subordinate the interests of our clients to our own. Simply put, Triad cannot place its own interests ahead of the interests of our clients. In observance of this duty, we must make full and fair disclosure to clients of all material facts relating to the advisory relationship. Further, we also seek to eliminate or at least expose through full and fair disclosure all conflicts of interest which might incline Triad, consciously

or unconsciously, to render advice that is not disinterested. We believe that in order for disclosure to be full and fair, it should be sufficiently specific so that each client is able to understand the material fact or conflict of interest and make an informed decision whether to provide consent. Consequently, we provide this ADV 2A brochure to all prospective clients at or before entering into a contract so that they can use the information within to decide whether or not to enter into an advisory relationship.

Advisory Services Offered

Triad offers the following services to advisory clients:

Investment Management Services

Triad provides continuous and regular investment supervisory services on a discretionary basis. John Heldman and Dave Hutchison work with clients and have the ongoing responsibility to select and/or make recommendations, based upon the objectives of the client, as to specific securities or other investments that Triad purchases or sells in client accounts.

Triad's recommendations for new investments will primarily include:

1. Equity securities
2. Warrants
3. Fixed income securities, including corporate bonds, government bonds and, municipal bonds,
4. Real estate investment trusts (REIT)
5. Publicly Traded Partnerships (PTPs)

Additionally, Triad's recommendations, depending on the individual investment objectives and needs of the client may include:

1. Foreign securities listed on US exchanges (ADRs)
2. ETFs
3. Closed-end mutual funds

Triad also occasionally offers advice regarding additional types of investments if they are appropriate to address the individual needs, goals, and objectives of the client or in response to client inquiry. Triad may offer investment advice on any investment held by the client at the start of the advisory relationship. We describe the material investment risks for many of the securities that we recommend under the heading ***Specific Security Risks*** in ***Item 8*** below.

We discuss our discretionary authority below under ***Item 16 - Investment Discretion***. For more information about the restrictions clients can put on their accounts, see ***Tailored Services and Client Imposed Restrictions*** in this item below. We describe the Fees charged for investment management services below under ***Item 5 - Fees and Compensation***.

Third-Party Investment Management

At our discretion, Triad may refer clients to third-party funds, investment managers, and other outside platforms (collectively, "outside investments"). The outside investments we recommend provide for the management of client portfolios by outside professionals that we believe are suitable for the client; however, clients must sign a separate agreement with each outside investment fund/manager. Once

implemented, Triad oversees each outside investment on an ongoing basis, makes recommendations for changes to the outside investments, when we believe necessary, and provides periodic updates and reporting to participating clients.

We will not refer clients to other investment advisers unless they are licensed, registered or exempt from registration as an investment adviser. Triad is independent from and unaffiliated with the third-party providers and managers we recommend. We describe the Fees charged for third-party investment management services below under ***Item 5 - Fees and Compensation***.

Financial Planning Services

Triad does not generally provide comprehensive financial planning services, but we may offer financial planning related services as part of our overall advisory services. These services generally involve providing advice to clients regarding the investment/management of financial resources based upon an analysis of their individual needs. A written plan is generally provided. However, we do not include preparation of any income tax, gift, or estate tax returns, or preparation of any legal documents.

Triad does not receive separate compensation for financial planning related services.

Limitations on Investments

Limitation by Client

Triad may limit advice based on certain client-imposed restrictions. For more information about the restrictions clients can put on their accounts, see ***Tailored Services and Client Imposed Restrictions*** in this Item below.

Tailored Services and Client Imposed Restrictions

Triad manages client accounts based on the investment strategy, as discussed below under ***Item 8 - Methods of Analysis, Investment Strategies, and Risk of Loss***. Triad applies the strategy for each client, based on the client's individual circumstances and financial situation. We make investment decisions for clients based on information the client supplies about their financial situation, goals, and risk tolerance. Our recommendations may be limited if the client does not provide us with accurate and complete information. It is the client's responsibility to keep Triad informed of any changes to their investment objectives or restrictions.

Clients may also request other restrictions on the account, such as when a client needs to keep a minimum level of cash in the account or does not want Triad to buy or sell certain specific securities or security types in the account. Triad reserves the right to not accept and/or terminate management of a client's account if we feel that the client-imposed restrictions would limit or prevent us from meeting or maintaining the client's investment strategy.

Wrap Fee Programs

Triad does not manage accounts as part of a wrap or bundled fee program.

Assets Under Management

Triad manages client assets in discretionary accounts on a continuous and regular basis. As of December 31, 2020, the total amount of assets under our management was \$103,464,506. We did not manage any accounts on a non-discretionary basis.

ITEM 5 - FEES AND COMPENSATION

Fee Schedule

Investment Management Services

Triad charges advisory fees for investment management services. Triad's advisory fees are charged based on a percentage of the fair market value of the portfolio, per the following schedule:

Individual Fee Schedule

<u>Assets Under Management</u>	<u>Annual Fee</u>
Initial \$2,500,000	1.50%
Next \$2,500,000	1.30%
Over \$5,000,000	1.10%

Institutional Fee Schedule

<u>Assets Under Management</u>	<u>Annual Fee</u>
Initial \$10,000,000*	1.00%
Over \$10,000,000	0.80%

*A \$5 million minimum account size is required for institutional accounts, which may include but is not limited to defined benefit and defined contribution plans, foundations, endowments, and businesses.

Some accounts are under different fee schedules honoring prior agreements. Our standard fee schedules may be negotiable based on a number of factors, which include but are not limited to "grandfathered" accounts, related accounts, and other structures that we may consider in special situations. We also waive advisory fees for Triad employee and related accounts and, when applicable, positions in open-end mutual funds.

Third-Party Investment Management

Triad charges a management fee at a rate of 0.75% based on the percentage of the market value of the assets held within accounts referred to third-party programs. Further, a \$10 million minimum account size is required. Both the fee rate and minimum account size are negotiable at Triad's discretion. In the event that a portion of the client's assets are managed directly by Triad under our discretionary Investment Management Services, as described above, then fees will be charged according to the appropriate table above for that service. Triad will never charge both Investment Management Services fees and Third-Party Investment Management fees on the same assets.

Billing Method

Investment Management Services

Triad's advisory fees are payable quarterly in advance at the beginning of each calendar quarter. The formula used for the calculation is as follows: $(\text{Annual Rate}) \times (\text{Total Portfolio Value at Quarter-End}) \times (\text{\# of Days in Advance Quarter} / \text{\# Days in Current Year})$. For new client accounts, the first payment is a pro-rata calculation due upon execution of the advisory agreement. The calculation will take into consideration the number of days remaining in the quarter and the initial value of the portfolio. The formula used to calculate the initial advisory fee is as follows: $(\text{Annual Rate}) \times (\text{Initial Portfolio Value}) \times (\text{Number of Days in Current Quarter} / \text{Days in Current Year})$.

Triad generally aggregates client accounts that have family relationships with each other for purposes of calculating the advisory fees applicable to each client. We generally waive fees for our personnel and their family members.

With client authorization, Triad will automatically withdraw Triad's advisory fee from the client's account held by an independent custodian. Typically, the custodian withdraws advisory fees from the client's account during the first month of each quarter based on Triad's instruction. All clients will receive brokerage statements from the custodian no less frequently than quarterly. The custodian statement will show the deduction of the advisory fee.

Triad generally purchases securities with readily available market prices for its clients and typically uses the securities prices provided by the client's custodian to value client account securities.

Triad's Chief Compliance Officer (CCO) periodically spot checks the custodian prices against another pricing source. Triad considers the risk of mispricing of securities to be higher for some securities over others. For example, the fixed income securities that do not trade on a daily basis are at greater risk of being stale than highly liquid equity securities that trade daily. Consequently, greater focus will be placed on the review of securities Triad perceives at greater risk of mispricing. In the event a security is not priced by the client's custodian or the CCO believes that the custodian's price does not adequately represent investment value, Triad will price the security using what we believe to be the best information available to us at that time.

Third-Party Investment Management

Triad will send an invoice to all clients in Third-Party Investment Management programs. The invoice is payable upon receipt and will include the fee calculation and amount due.

Other Fees and Expenses

In addition to our advisory fee shown above, clients are also responsible for paying management fees for ETFs and mutual funds, when applicable. These are fees charged by the managers of the ETF or mutual fund and represent a portion of the expenses of the ETF or mutual fund.

Triad's fees do not include custodian fees. Clients pay all brokerage commissions, stock transfer fees, and/or other similar charges incurred in connection with transactions in accounts from the assets in the

account, which are in addition to the fees clients pay to Triad. See **Item 12 - Brokerage Practices** below for more information.

Termination

Investment Management Services

Either party may terminate the advisory agreement at any time by providing written notice to the other party. The client may terminate the agreement at any time by writing Triad at our office. Triad will refund any prepaid, unearned advisory fees based on the effective date of termination. Upon termination of the agreement, we will send the client a prorated refund of unearned advisory fees using the following formula: $(Fees\ Paid) \times (Days\ Remaining\ in\ Quarter) / (Total\ Number\ of\ Days\ in\ Quarter)$.

In the event the client terminates the investment advisory agreement, Triad will not liquidate any securities in the account unless authorized in writing by the client to do so. In the event of client's death or disability, Triad will continue management of the account until we are notified of client's death or disability and given alternative instructions by an authorized party.

Other Compensation

Triad does not accept compensation for the sale of securities or other investment products, including asset-based sales charges or service fees from the sale of mutual funds.

ITEM 6 - PERFORMANCE-BASED FEES AND SIDE-BY-SIDE MANAGEMENT

Triad does not charge performance-based fees or other fees based on a share of capital gains on or capital appreciation of the assets of a client.

ITEM 7 - TYPES OF CLIENTS

Triad offers discretionary investment advisory services to individuals, including high net worth individuals. In addition, we provide advisory services to foundations and businesses.

Account Requirements

Generally, Triad requires clients to maintain a minimum relationship of \$1,000,000 for individual portfolios and \$5,000,000 for institutions. Significant funds withdrawal may result in a request for additional fund deposits to continue with management of accounts. We generally combine family accounts to meet the account size minimum. Triad may reduce or waive the account minimum requirements at our discretion.

ITEM 8 - METHODS OF ANALYSIS, INVESTMENT STRATEGIES AND RISK OF LOSS

Methods of Analysis and Investment Strategies

General Investment Strategies

Triad's general investment strategy is to seek capital growth and attempts to minimize the probability of permanent losses over the longer-term, with less emphasis on short-term market fluctuations. Triad typically maintains concentrated equity portfolios with generally 20 to 30 equity positions, as we believe our clients will benefit from our extensive independent research and conviction in our investment ideas. More specifically, depending on client investment objectives, we utilize multiple asset classes, market capitalizations, and sectors to provide diversification. Each portfolio composition is determined in accordance with the clients' investment objectives, risk tolerance, time horizon, and need for capital appreciation or income. We deal with any client restrictions on an account-by-account basis.

Since Triad treats each client account uniquely, client portfolios with similar investment objectives and asset allocation goals may own different securities. Timing and tax factors also influence Triad's investment decisions. We attempt to manage accounts in a similar manner but occasionally clients who buy or sell securities on the same day will generally receive different prices when the trades are not aggregated.

Methods of Analysis for Selecting Securities

Triad uses fundamental analysis in the selection of individual securities. Additionally, Triad may use specific strategies or resources in the method of analysis and selection of fixed income securities.

Fundamental Analysis

Fundamental analysis typically involves analysis of corporate financial statements, management presentations, specialized research publications, and general news sources. Specifically, Triad's analysis is focused on three primary aspects of each corporation: the degree of competitive advantages relative to competitors, management abilities, and shareholder-aligned incentives, and the perceived absolute and relative attractiveness of a security's valuation.

Debt Securities (Fixed Income)

Triad considers the financial strength of the debt issuer, call provisions, liquidity factors, and bond insurance in selecting bonds for purchase. Triad reviews prospectuses and other publicly available information, including credit ratings from Standard and Poor's and Moody's in determining the financial strength of an issuer.

Concentrated Portfolios

Triad manages client accounts by investing in a limited number of securities. Clients should consider the fact that the risk of a concentrated portfolio with limited diversification increases the possibility of substantial losses and depreciation of the portfolio in the event of an exogenous event, the concentrated stock or sector does not perform as expected, and/or deteriorating economic or market circumstances domestically and/or internationally.

Investment Strategies for Managing Portfolios

Long-term Holding/Short-term Trading

Triad does not attempt to time the market nor do we seek short-term gains. Short term buying and selling of securities is limited to those cases where a purchase has resulted in an unanticipated gain or loss in which we believe that a subsequent sale is in the best interest of the client.

Cash as a Strategic Asset

Triad does not seek to time the market and strives to remain fully invested but may at times retain a large portion of client assets in cash or cash equivalents when a limited number of attractive investments are available. We maintain cash balances until suitable opportunities arise.

General Risk of Loss Statement

Prior to entering into an agreement with Triad, the client should carefully consider:

1. That investing in securities involves risk of loss which clients should be prepared to bear;
2. That securities markets experience varying degrees of volatility;
3. That over time the value of a client's assets will fluctuate and at any time be worth more or less than the amount invested; and
4. That clients should only commit assets that they feel are currently unneeded and available to Triad for investment on a long-term basis. This is typically a minimum of five to seven years.

Risks

General Risks of Owning Securities

The prices of securities held in client accounts and the income they generate may decline in response to certain events taking place around the world. These include events directly involving the issuers of securities held in a client's account, conditions affecting the general economy, and overall market changes. Other contributing factors include local, regional, or global political, social, or economic instability and governmental or governmental agency responses to economic conditions. Finally, currency, interest rate, and commodity price fluctuations also affect security prices and income.

The prices of, and the income generated by, most debt securities held by a client's account are generally affected by changing interest rates and by changes in the effective maturities and credit ratings of these securities. For example, the prices of debt securities in the client's account generally will decline when interest rates rise and increase when interest rates fall. In addition, falling interest rates may cause an issuer to redeem, "call" or refinance a security before its stated maturity, which can potentially result in Triad having to reinvest the proceeds in lower yielding securities.

Longer maturity debt securities generally have higher rates of interest and are often subject to greater price fluctuations than shorter maturity debt securities. Debt securities are also subject to credit risk, which is the possibility that the credit strength of an issuer will weaken and/or an issuer of a debt security will fail to make timely payments of principal or interest and the security will go into default. The guarantee of a security backed by the U.S. Treasury or the full faith and credit of the U.S.

government only covers the timely payment of interest and principal when held to maturity. This means that the current market values for these securities will fluctuate with changes in interest rates.

Investments in securities issued by entities based outside the United States may be subject to increased levels of the risks described above. Currency fluctuations and controls, different accounting, auditing, financial reporting, disclosure, regulatory and legal standards and practices could also affect investments in securities of foreign issuers.

Equity Securities

Equity securities represent an ownership position in a company. Equity securities typically consist of common stocks. The prices of equity securities fluctuate based on, among other things, events specific to their issuers and market, economic and other conditions. There may be little trading in the secondary market for particular equity securities, which may adversely affect Triad's ability to dispose of such equity securities. Adverse publicity and investor perceptions, whether or not based on fundamental analysis, may decrease the value and/or liquidity of equity securities.

Small Capitalization Equity Securities

Investing in smaller companies may pose additional risks as it is often more difficult to dispose of small company stocks, more difficult to obtain information about smaller companies, and the prices of their stocks may be more volatile than stocks of larger, more established companies. Clients should have a long-term perspective and, for example, be able to tolerate potentially sharp declines in value.

Debt Securities (Bonds)

Issuers use debt securities to borrow money. Generally, issuers pay investors periodic interest and repay the amount borrowed either periodically during the life of the security and/or at maturity. Alternatively, investors can purchase other debt securities, such as zero coupon bonds, which do not pay current interest, but rather are priced at a discount from their face values and their values accrete over time to face value at maturity. The market prices of debt securities fluctuate depending on such factors as interest rates, credit quality, and maturity. In general, market prices of debt securities decline when interest rates rise and increase when interest rates fall. The longer the time to a bond's maturity, the greater its interest rate risk. Additional risks include issuer default risk which would reduce or eliminate interest payments and principal repayment, call provisions that could result in principal repayment prior to the bond stated maturity date, and liquidity risks, or the reduced ability to sell a bond prior to maturity. Triad attempts to mitigate these risks through issuer credit analysis to understand the bond issuer's ability to make interest and principal payments. Triad attempts to reduce call risk through the purchase of bonds with call protection where possible, and liquidity risks are managed through understanding the bond issue liquidity prior to purchase.

High-Yield Debt

Lower rated debt securities generally have higher rates of interest and involve greater risk of default or price changes due to changes in the issuer's creditworthiness than higher rated debt securities. The market prices of these securities may fluctuate more than higher quality securities and may decline significantly in periods of general economic difficulty. Triad attempts to manage the risks associated with high-yield debt through analysis of the corporate issuer's business position, financial statements

and liquidity analysis. In addition, there may be little trading in the secondary market for particular high-yield debt securities, which can make them more difficult to value or sell. Triad seeks a sufficiently higher prospective return from high-yield securities relative to investment-grade securities to offset the added risks of investing in high-yield bonds.

Municipal Bonds

Municipal bonds are debt obligations generally issued to obtain funds for various public purposes, including the construction of public facilities. Municipal bonds pay a lower rate of return than most other types of bonds. However, because of a municipal bond's tax-favored status, investors should compare the relative after-tax return to the after-tax return of other bonds, depending on the investor's tax bracket. Investing in municipal bonds carries the same general risks as investing in bonds in general. Those risks include interest rate risk, reinvestment risk, inflation risk, market risk, call or redemption risk, credit risk, and liquidity and valuation risk. Investing in municipal bonds carries additional risks unique to these types of bonds, which may include:

Legislative Risk

Legislative risk includes the risk that a change in the tax code could affect the value of taxable or tax-exempt interest income.

Tax-Bracket Changes

Municipal bonds generate tax-free income, and therefore pay lower interest rates than taxable bonds. Investors who anticipate a significant drop in their marginal income-tax rate may benefit from the higher yield available from taxable bonds.

Securities with Equity and Debt Characteristics

Triad may invest in securities for client accounts that have a combination of equity and debt characteristics. These securities may at times behave more like equity than debt or vice versa. Some types of convertible bonds, preferred stocks or other preferred securities automatically convert into common stocks or other securities at a stated conversion ratio and some may be subject to redemption at the option of the issuer at a predetermined price. These securities, prior to conversion, may pay a fixed rate of interest or a dividend. Because convertible securities have both debt and equity characteristics, their values vary in response to many factors, including the values of the securities into which they are convertible, general market and economic conditions, and convertible market valuations, as well as changes in interest rates, credit spreads and the credit quality of the issuer.

These securities may include hybrid securities, which also have equity and debt characteristics. Such securities are normally at the bottom of an issuer's debt capital structure. As such, they may be more sensitive to economic changes than more senior debt securities. Investors may also view these securities as more equity-like by the market when the issuer or its parent company experience financial problems.

The prices and yields of nonconvertible preferred securities or preferred stocks generally move with changes in interest rates and the issuer's credit quality, similar to the factors affecting debt securities.

Real Estate Investment Trusts

Triad may invest for client accounts in securities issued by real estate investment trusts (REITs), which primarily invest in real estate or real estate-related loans. Equity REITs own real estate properties, while mortgage REITs hold construction, development and/or long-term mortgage loans. Changes in the value of the underlying property of the trusts, the creditworthiness of the issuer, property taxes, interest rates, tax laws, and regulatory requirements, such as those relating to the environment all can affect the values of REITs. Both types of REITs are dependent upon management skill, the cash flows generated by their holdings, the real estate market in general, and the possibility of failing to qualify for any applicable pass-through tax treatment or failing to maintain any applicable exemptive status afforded under relevant laws.

Exchange-Traded Funds (ETFs)

An ETF is a type of Investment Company (usually, an open-end fund or unit investment trust) containing a basket of stocks. Typically, the objective of an ETF is to achieve the same return as a particular market index, including sector indexes. An ETF is similar to an index fund in that it will primarily invest in securities of companies that are included in a selected market. Unlike traditional mutual funds, which can only be redeemed at the end of a trading day, ETFs trade throughout the day on an exchange. Like stock mutual funds, the prices of the underlying securities and the overall market may affect ETF prices. Similarly, factors affecting a particular industry segment may affect ETF prices that track that particular sector.

American Depositary Receipts (ADRs)

An ADR is a stock that trades in the United States but represents a specified number of shares in a foreign corporation. Investors buy and sell ADRs on American markets just like regular stocks. Banks and brokerage firms issue/sponsor ADRs. ADRs are subject to additional risks of investing in foreign securities, including, but not limited to, less complete financial information available about foreign issuers, less market liquidity, more market volatility, and political instability. In addition, currency exchange-rate fluctuations affect the U.S. dollar-value of foreign holdings. Some ADRs and ordinary shares of foreign securities pay dividends, and many foreign countries impose dividend withholding taxes up to 30%. Depending on a custodian's ability to reclaim any withheld foreign taxes on dividends, taxable accounts may be able to recoup a portion of these taxes by use of the foreign tax credit. However, tax-exempt accounts, to the extent they pay any foreign withholding taxes, may not be able to utilize the foreign tax credit. Therefore, investors may be unable to recover any foreign taxes withheld on dividends of foreign securities or ADRs.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Client accounts often hold some cash or invest in cash equivalents, which are the most liquid of investments. Cash and cash equivalents are considered very low-risk investments meaning, there is little risk of losing the principal investment. Typically, low risk also means low return and the interest an investor can earn on this type of investment is low relative to other types of investing vehicles.

Publicly Traded Partnerships (PTPs)

Publicly traded partnerships trade mainly on the New York Stock Exchange and/or the NASDAQ, the same as stocks. With a few exceptions, PTPs hold and operate assets related to the transportation and

storage of energy (certain PTPs may have commodity risk). Most publicly traded companies are corporations. Corporate earnings are usually taxed twice. The business entity is taxed on any money it makes and then shareholders are taxed on the earnings the company distributes to them. In the 1980s, Congress allowed public trading of certain types of companies as partnerships instead of as corporations.

The main advantage a partnership has over a corporation is that partnerships are “pass through” entities for tax purposes. This means that the company does not pay any tax on its earnings. Distributions are still taxed, but this avoids the problem of double taxation that most publicly traded companies face. Congress requires that any company designated as an PTP has to produce 90% of its earnings from “qualified resources” (natural resources and real estate). Most PTPs are involved in energy infrastructure, i.e. things like pipelines. PTPs are required to pay annual distributions to limited partners. A contract establishes the payments, so distributions are predictable. Otherwise, the shareholders could find the company in breach of contract.

In addition to general business risks, PTPs bear these risks:

Risk of Regulation or Change

The government could step in and change the rules of the game. That can always happen. Since one of the main advantages of these securities is their tax advantages, this poses a considerable risk for an investor.

Interest Rate Risk

It is commonly thought that these types of investments do better when interest rates are low, making their yield higher in relation to the safest investments, such as Treasury bills and securities that are guaranteed by the U.S. government. Consequently, PTPs may perform better during periods of declining or relative low interest rates and more poorly during periods of rising or high interest rates.

Tax Risk

PTPs are pass-through entities, passing earnings through to the limited partners. Investors must be aware that there are potentially significant tax implications of investing in PTPs and they should consult with their tax advisor before investing in these securities.

Closed-end Funds

Closed-end funds do not continually offer their shares for sale. Rather, they sell a fixed number of shares at an initial offering, after which the shares typically trade on a secondary market, such as the New York Stock Exchange or the NASDAQ Stock Market. Risk factors pertaining to closed-end funds vary from fund to fund. In addition, they may be subject to valuation risk, which is when common shares may trade above (a premium) or below (a discount) the net asset value (NAV) of the trust/fund’s portfolio. At times, discounts could widen or premiums could shrink, and could either dilute positive performance or compound negative performance. There is no assurance that discounted funds will appreciate to their NAV.

Other Risks

Cybersecurity

Information and technology systems can be vulnerable to damage or interruption from computer viruses, network failures, computer and telecommunication failures, infiltrations by unauthorized persons and security breaches, usage errors by its professionals, power outages and catastrophic events such as fires, tornadoes, floods, hurricanes and earthquakes. Although we have implemented various measures to manage risks relating to these types of events, if these systems are compromised, or become inoperable for extended periods of time, or cease to function properly, we may have to make a significant investment to fix or replace them. The failure of these systems can cause significant interruptions in our operations and result in a failure to maintain the security, confidentiality or privacy of sensitive data, including personal information relating to clients. Such a failure could potentially harm our reputation, subject us to legal claims, and otherwise have an adverse impact on our ability to perform advisory functions.

Pandemics and Other Public Health Crises

Pandemics and other health crises, such as the outbreak of an infectious disease such as severe acute respiratory syndrome, avian flu, H1N1/09 flu and COVID-19 or any other serious public health concern, together with any resulting restrictions on travel or quarantines imposed, could have a negative impact on the economy, and business activity in any of the areas in which client investments may be located. Such disruption, or the fear of such disruption, could have a significant and adverse impact on the securities markets, lead to increased short-term market volatility or a significant market downturn, and can have adverse long-term effects on world economies and markets generally.

ITEM 9 - DISCIPLINARY INFORMATION

Triad and our personnel seek to maintain the highest level of business professionalism, integrity, and ethics. Triad does not have any disciplinary information to disclose.

ITEM 10 - OTHER FINANCIAL INDUSTRY ACTIVITIES AND AFFILIATIONS

Triad does not offer any other services or have any affiliates in the financial industry.

ITEM 11 - CODE OF ETHICS, PARTICIPATION OR INTEREST IN CLIENT TRANSACTIONS AND PERSONAL TRADING

Code of Ethics

Triad believes that we owe clients the highest level of trust and fair dealing. Further, as part of our fiduciary duty, we place the interests of our clients ahead of the interests of the firm and our personnel. Triad's personnel are required to conduct themselves with integrity at all times and follow the principles and policies detailed in our Code of Ethics.

Triad's Code of Ethics attempts to address specific conflicts of interest that either we have identified or that could likely arise. Triad's personnel are required to follow clear guidelines from the Code of Ethics in areas such as gifts and entertainment, other business activities, and adherence to applicable state and

federal securities laws. All personnel receive a copy of each amendment of the Code of Ethics, which they acknowledge in writing. Additionally, individuals who make securities recommendations to clients, or who have access to nonpublic information regarding any clients' purchase or sale of securities are subject to personal trading policies governed by the Code of Ethics (see below).

Triad will provide a complete copy of the Code of Ethics to any client or prospective client upon request.

Personal Trading Practices

Triad and our personnel purchase or sell securities for themselves that we also recommend to clients. This includes related securities (e.g., warrants, options, or futures). This presents a potential conflict of interest as we may have an incentive to favor our personal trades over client transactions or use the information about the transactions we intend to make for clients to our personal benefit.

Our policies to address these conflicts include the following:

1. Triad prohibits trading in a manner that takes personal advantage of price movements caused by client transactions.
2. If we wish to purchase or sell the same security as we recommend or take action to purchase or sell for a client, we will not do so until the custodian fills client orders (except when we are aggregating personal and proprietary trades with client trades as disclosed under **Aggregation with Client Orders** below). Because of this policy, it is possible that clients will receive a better or worse price than Triad or any employee for the same security on the same day as a client, or one or more days before or after the Client's transaction.
3. Conflicts of interest also may arise when Triad's personnel become aware of Limited Offerings or IPOs, including private placements or offerings of interests in limited partnerships or any thinly traded securities, whether public or private. Given the inherent potential for conflict, Limited Offerings and IPOs demand extreme care. We will provide the client the opportunity to act on such investments, to the extent they are appropriate for the client's risk and return objectives, prior to and in preference to Triad or our personnel.

Triad will provide a complete copy of the Code of Ethics to any client or prospective client upon request.

Ban on Short-Term Trading Profits

All personal and proprietary transactions in securities also owned by clients or that we are considering for clients are subject to a 30-day ban on short-term trading profits except when selling at a loss or when we aggregate the transaction with client orders (see below).

Aggregation with Client Orders

Triad aggregates orders for clients in the same securities in an effort to seek best execution, negotiate more favorable commission rates, and/or allocate differences in prices, commissions, and other transaction costs equitably among our clients. These are benefits of aggregation orders that we might not obtain if we placed those orders independently. Triad will generally allocate the proceeds arising out

of those transactions (and the related transactions expenses) on an average price basis among the various participants in the transactions. Triad believes that by combining orders in this way it will be advantageous to all participants. However, the average price could be less advantageous to a particular client than if that client had been the only account effecting the transaction or had completed its transaction before the other participants.

Triad may also place orders for the same security for different clients at different times and in different relative amounts due to, among other things, differences in investment objectives, cash availability, size of order, and practicability of participating in “block” transactions. The level of participation by different clients in the same security may also be dependent upon other factors relating to the suitability of the security for the particular client. There are circumstances when some of a client’s transactions in the security may not be aggregated with other clients. Triad has adopted policies and procedures intended to ensure that our trading allocations are fair to all of our clients.

In addition, Triad and/or our personnel may buy or sell specific securities for our own accounts that are not deemed appropriate for another client at the time, based on personal investment considerations that differ from the considerations on which decisions as to investments for the client are made. Where execution opportunities for a particular security are limited, Triad attempts in good faith to allocate such opportunities among clients in a manner that, over time, is equitable to all our clients.

Triad aggregates trades in like securities among client accounts as well as with accounts of Triad and our personnel, if we follow the policies described below. This presents a potential conflict of interest as we may have an incentive to allocate more favorable executions to our own accounts or the accounts of our personnel.

Our policies to address this conflict are as follows:

1. We will disclose our aggregation policies in this brochure;
2. We will not aggregate transactions unless we believe that aggregation is consistent with our duty to seek best execution (which includes the duty to seek best price) for our clients. The trade also needs to be consistent with the terms of our investment advisory agreement with each client that has an account included in the aggregation;
3. No account will be favored over any other account. This includes accounts of Triad or any of our personnel. Each account in aggregated trade will participate at the average share price for all of our transactions in a given security on a given business day (per custodian).
4. Before entering an aggregated order, we will prepare a written statement (the “Allocation Statement”) specifying the participating accounts and how we intend to allocate the order among those accounts;
5. If the aggregated order is filled entirely, we will allocate shares among clients according to the Allocation Statement; if the order is partially filled, we will allocate it pro-rata according to the Allocation Statement. Further, fixed income trades can be allocated based upon any or all of the

following considerations: each client's custom portfolio strategy, current and future financial needs, the account's asset allocation, diversification, tax considerations, levels of cash, and newly opened accounts which may need to be invested;

6. However, we may allocate the order differently than specified in the Allocation Statement if all client accounts receive fair and equitable treatment. (See also ***Item 12 – Brokerage Practices*** below.) In this case, we will explain the reasons for a different allocation in writing.
7. If an aggregated order is partially filled and we allocate it differently than the Allocation Statement specifies, no participating account may purchase or sell the security for a reasonable period following the execution of the block trade. This only applies when the participating account sells or receives more shares than it would have if the aggregated order had been completely filled;
8. Our books and records will separately reflect each aggregated order and the securities held by, bought, and sold for each client account;
9. Funds and securities of clients participating in an aggregated order will be deposited with one or more qualified custodians. Clients' cash and securities will not be held collectively any longer than is necessary to settle the trade on a delivery versus payment basis. Following settlement, cash or securities held collectively for clients will be delivered out to the qualified custodian as soon as practical;
10. We do not receive additional compensation or remuneration of any kind as a result of aggregating orders; and
11. We will provide individual investment advice and treatment to each client's account.

Participation or Interest in Client Transactions

The following items represent situations where a conflict of interest may exist between the client and Triad.

Cross Transactions

At times, a client may need to sell a security that we think is a good fit for another client's account. In this case, we may internally cross the security from the account of the selling client to the buying client's account. We will only do this when the proposed transaction is in the best interests of both clients. We do not "dump" a security into a client's portfolio just because another client needs to sell, nor do we decide to sell a security from one client's account just because another client needs a similar security. Usually, this situation comes up with fixed income securities where we can get a better deal for both clients by crossing the security instead of going into the open market to complete separate transactions.

The price for a cross transaction will generally be determined by available pricing from at least two bona fide registered broker-dealers and is usually the mid-point between the best bid and offer prices

available for the size of the transaction. We will also take into account any additional fees charged to cross the security to ensure that the transaction is still appropriate for both clients.

Triad does not act as broker for any cross transactions effected for clients and will never receive any commissions or other compensation for these trades (other than our normal advisory fees for managing the accounts).

ITEM 12 - BROKERAGE PRACTICES

Factors Considered in Selecting Broker-Dealers for Client Transactions

Triad requires clients to open one or more custodian accounts in their own name at a qualified custodian. For clients in need of brokerage or custodial services, Triad generally recommends the use of Fidelity Institutional Wealth Services, a division of Fidelity Brokerage Services, Inc. ("Fidelity"), registered broker-dealer, Member SIPC. Further, we will also consider working with another custodian that the client chooses. The client will enter into a separate agreement with the broker-dealer/custodian to custody the assets. Triad is independently owned and operated, and unaffiliated with any broker-dealer/custodian.

Fidelity generally charges commissions (ticket charges) for executing our transactions. We do not receive any part of these separate charges. We require that clients establish accounts with Fidelity to maintain custody of clients' assets and to effect trades for their accounts. Fidelity provides us with access to their institutional trading and custody services, which are typically not available to Fidelity retail investors. Fidelity's services include brokerage custody, trading platforms and related services, research and access to mutual funds and other investments that are otherwise generally available only to institutional investors or would require a significantly higher minimum initial investment. Fidelity does not charge clients separately for custody, but Fidelity receives compensation from account holders through commissions, other transaction-related fees, and/or securities trades executed through Fidelity or that settle into Fidelity.

Triad considers several factors in recommending Fidelity to clients. Factors that we may consider include ease of use, reputation, trade execution, pricing, dedicated service team, and financial strength. Triad may also take into consideration the availability of the products and services received or offered (detailed below) by Fidelity.

Research and Other Benefits

Fidelity makes available to us other products and services that can potentially benefit Triad but may not directly benefit our clients' accounts. These types of services will help us in managing and administering client accounts. These include software and other technology that provide access to client account data (i.e. trade confirmations and account statements); facilitate trade executions; provide research, pricing information, and other market data; facilitate in the payment of our fees from clients' accounts; and assist with back-office functions, record keeping, and client reporting. Many of these services may be used to service all or a substantial number of our accounts.

We place trades for our clients' accounts subject to our duty to seek best execution and other fiduciary duties. Generally, trades are placed through Fidelity due to the additional costs associated with using broker-dealers other than Fidelity to execute trades for client accounts maintained at Fidelity. Fidelity's execution quality may be different from other broker-dealers.

Fidelity may also provide other benefits such as educational events, conferences on practice management, regulatory compliance, information technology, and business success. Fidelity may discount or waive fees it would otherwise charge for some of these services or pay all or a part of the fees of a third party providing these services to Triad.

As part of our fiduciary duties to clients, Triad endeavors at all times to put the interests of our clients first. Clients should be aware, however, that the receipt of economic benefits by Triad or our personnel in and of itself creates a potential conflict of interest and may indirectly influence Triad's recommendation of Fidelity for custody and brokerage services.

Fixed Income Transactions

We will generally use broker-dealers other than the client's broker-dealer/custodian to execute bond trades when the execution we receive from these bond brokers after the deduction of the additional "prime broker" or "trade away" fees will net a lower cost or better price for the client than if the broker-dealer/custodian executed the trade. As another benefit to the client, prime brokerage arrangements allow clients to participate in block trades, which may provide more favorable execution than when a client does not participate in a block trade. We do not involve clients in prime brokerage arrangements without their prior written authorization. Prime brokerage arrangements are only available to accounts that meet the minimum net equity requirements established by the SEC. Prime Brokers may impose net equity requirements higher than those established by the SEC.

Brokerage for Client Referrals

Triad does not receive client referrals from any broker-dealer or third party in exchange for using that broker-dealer or third party.

Directed Brokerage

Triad does not allow clients to direct Triad to use a specific broker-dealer to execute transactions. Clients must use the broker-dealers that Triad requires to custody their account(s) to execute transactions. Triad makes an exception to this policy to honor prior agreements. Not all investment advisers require their clients to trade through specific brokerage firms. By requiring clients to use Fidelity, Triad believes we may be able to more effectively manage the client's portfolio, achieve favorable execution of client transactions, and overall lower the costs to the portfolio.

Since we require most of our clients to maintain their accounts with Fidelity, it is also important for clients to consider and compare the significant differences between having assets custodied at another broker-dealer, bank or other custodian prior to opening an account with us. Some of these differences include, but are not limited to: total account costs, trading freedom, transaction fees/commission rates, and security and technology services.

Clients with 401(k) accounts are not required to use Schwab and may appoint a custodian of their choosing.

Aggregation and Allocation of Transactions

We describe our aggregation practices in detail under **Item 11 - Aggregation with Client Orders** above.

ITEM 13 - REVIEW OF ACCOUNTS

Managed Account Reviews

Triad monitors securities in client accounts continuously. Typically, we also review cash balances and asset allocations at least weekly and often daily. Material market, economic, or political events, changes in a client's individual circumstances may trigger additional reviews. John Heldman, Partner, and David Hutchison, Partner, perform all reviews and generally meet with each client at least annually.

Account Reporting

Each client receives a written statement from the broker-dealer/custodian that includes an accounting of all holdings and transactions in the account for the reporting period. In addition, Triad provides a review letter and account report on a quarterly basis. Review letters typically include a review of the investment environment and economic outlook. Account reports include a summary of the client's holdings and account performance. Triad may also provide additional reporting as agreed upon by Triad and the client on a case-by-case basis.

ITEM 14 - CLIENT REFERRALS AND OTHER COMPENSATION

Client Referral Fees

When an unaffiliated solicitor introduces a client to Triad, we pay that solicitor a referral fee in accordance with the requirements of Rule 206(4)-3 of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, and any corresponding state securities law requirements. Triad's current solicitor arrangement obligates us to compensate the solicitor for each prospective client lead they refer to us. Clients are not charged for the referral fees we pay to the solicitor.

If an unaffiliated solicitor introduces a client to Triad, that solicitor will disclose the nature of the solicitor relationship with Triad at the time of the solicitation. In addition, the solicitor will provide each prospective client with a copy of this brochure, and a copy of the written disclosure statement from the solicitor to the client disclosing the terms and conditions of the arrangement between Triad and the solicitor, including the compensation the solicitor will receive from Triad.

Outside Compensation

Triad may refer clients to unaffiliated professionals for specific needs, such as legal, and/or tax/accounting services. In turn, these professionals may refer clients to Triad for investment management. We do not have any agreements with individuals or companies that we refer clients to, and we do not receive any compensation for these referrals. However, it could be concluded that Triad is receiving an indirect economic benefit from the arrangement, as the relationships are mutually

beneficial. For example, there could be an incentive for us to recommend services of firms who refer clients to Triad.

Triad only refers clients to professionals we believe are competent and qualified in their field, but it is ultimately the client's responsibility to evaluate the provider, and it is solely the client's decision whether to engage a recommended firm. Clients are under no obligation to purchase any products or services through these professionals, and Triad has no control over the services provided by another firm. Clients who chose to engage these professionals will sign a separate agreement with the other firm. Fees charged by the other firm are separate from and in addition to fees charged by Triad.

If the client desires, Triad will work with these professionals or the client's other advisers (such as an accountant or attorney) to help ensure that the provider understands the client's investments and to coordinate services for the client. Triad does not share information with an unaffiliated professional unless first authorized by the client.

ITEM 15 - CUSTODY

Triad has limited custody of some of our clients' funds or securities when the clients authorize us to deduct our management fees directly from the client's account. A qualified custodian (generally a broker-dealer, bank, trust company, or other financial institution) holds clients' funds and securities. Clients will receive statements directly from your qualified custodian at least quarterly. The statements will reflect the client's funds and securities held with the qualified custodian as well as any transactions that occurred in the account, including the deduction of Triad's fee.

Triad is also deemed to have custody of clients' funds or securities when clients have standing authorizations with their custodian to move money from a client's account to a third-party ("SLOA") and under that SLOA authorize us to designate the amount or timing of transfers with the custodian. The SEC has set forth a set of standards intended to protect client assets in such situations, which we follow.

Clients should carefully review the account statements you receive from your qualified custodian. When clients receive statements from Triad as well as from the qualified custodian, clients should compare these two reports carefully. Minor discrepancies between custodian statements and Triad statements are common. Triad uses trade date for transactions while custodians generally use settlement date. In addition, custodians occasionally use a different bond pricing service than Triad (on rare occasions, Triad also prices bonds internally), which generally results in minor price differences. Clients with any questions about your statements should contact us at the address or phone number on the cover of this brochure. Clients who do not receive their statement from your qualified custodian at least quarterly should also notify us.

ITEM 16 - INVESTMENT DISCRETION

Triad has full discretion to decide the specific security to trade, the quantity, and the timing of transactions for client accounts. Triad will not contact clients before placing trades in their account, but clients will receive confirmations directly from the broker for any trades placed. Clients grant us discretionary authority in the contracts they sign with us. Clients also give us trading authority over their accounts when they sign the custodian paperwork. However, certain client-imposed conditions may

limit Triad's discretionary authority, such as where the client prohibits transactions in specific security types or directs Triad to execute transactions through specific broker-dealers. See also **Item 4 - Tailored Services and Client Imposed Restrictions** and **Item – 12 Brokerage Practices**, above.

ITEM 17 - VOTING CLIENT SECURITIES

Proxy Voting

Triad will vote client account proxies unless client retains authority to vote or client appoints another fiduciary to vote. When Triad accepts such responsibility, we will only cast proxy votes in a manner consistent with the best interest of our clients. Absent special circumstances, which we fully describe in our Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures, we will vote all proxies within the guidelines we established and describe in our Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures, as we may amend from time-to-time. At any time, clients may contact us to request information about how we voted your proxies for your securities or to get a copy of our Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures.

A brief summary of Triad's Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures is as follows:

Triad subscribes to the services of Egan-Jones Proxy Services, an unaffiliated third-party proxy vendor that provides written vote recommendations/guidelines and administrative and record-keeping assistance. We created our Proxy Voting Guidelines taking into consideration Egan-Jones written guidelines. Clients cannot direct our vote in particular solicitations.

We apply the Proxy Voting Guidelines with a measure of flexibility. Further, we may vote a proxy contrary to the Proxy Voting Guidelines if we determine that the action is in the best interests of the clients/beneficiaries. Moreover, special circumstances or instructions from clients may also justify casting different votes for different clients/beneficiaries with respect to the same proxy vote. In exercising our voting discretion, we may take into account a wide array of factors relating to the matter under consideration, the nature of the proposal, and the company involved. Similarly, poor past performance, uncertainties about management and future directions, and other factors may lead to a conclusion that particular proposals by an issuer present unacceptable investment risks and should not be supported.

Triad may occasionally be subject to conflicts of interest in the voting of proxies due to business or personal relationships it maintains with persons having an interest in the outcome of certain votes. If we become aware of any type of potential or actual conflict of interest relating to a particular proxy proposal, we will promptly document and handle the conflict as follows:

1. Where the Proxy Voting Guidelines outline our voting position, either "for" or "against" the proxy proposal, voting will be in accordance with our Proxy Voting Guidelines.
2. Where the Proxy Voting Guidelines outline our voting position to be determined on a "case by case" basis for the proxy proposal, or the proposal is not listed in the Proxy Voting Guidelines, then we will select one of the two following methods depending upon the facts and circumstances of each situation and the requirements of applicable law:
 - a. Voting the proxy in accordance with the voting recommendation of a non-affiliated-third party vendor; or

- b. Voting the proxy according to the client's direction.

We may choose not to vote proxies in certain situations or for certain accounts:

1. Where a client has informed us that he or she wishes to retain the right to vote the proxy, we will instruct the custodian to send the proxy material directly to the client;
2. Where we believe that the cost of voting would exceed any anticipated benefit to the client;
3. Where we receive a proxy for a terminated client account, we will notify the custodian and request that the custodian send current and future proxy materials to the account address of record.
4. Where a proxy is received for a security that we no longer manage (e.g., we previously sold the entire position); and/or
5. Where the exercise of voting rights could restrict our ability to freely trade the security in question (e.g., in certain foreign jurisdictions known as "blocking markets").

Class Actions

Triad utilizes a third-party service provider to provide class action litigation monitoring and securities claim filing services. For a contingency fee, the provider secures class action claims, monitors each client's claim, collects the applicable trade history, interprets the terms of each settlement, files the appropriate claim form, interacts with the administrators, and distributes awards on the client's behalf. In order to perform the above services, we make certain client nonpublic information available to the service provider, including but not limited to beneficial ownership and social security number.

ITEM 18 - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Registered investment advisers are required in this item to provide clients with certain financial information or disclosures about the firm's financial condition. Triad does not require the prepayment of more than \$1,200 in fees per client, six months or more in advance, and does not foresee any financial condition that is reasonably likely to impair our ability to meet contractual commitments to clients.

Form ADV, Part 2B Brochure Supplement

John Heldman, CFA®
David Hutchison, CFA®

Triad Investment Management, LLC

1301 Dove Street
Suite 1080
Newport Beach, CA 92660
(949) 679-3991

July 1, 2021

This brochure supplement provides information about John Heldman and David Hutchison that supplements the Triad Investment Management, LLC brochure. You should have already received a copy of that brochure. Please contact David Hutchison at (949) 679-3991 or dhutchison@triadim.com if you did not receive our brochure or if you have any questions about the contents of this supplement. Additional information about John Heldman and David Hutchison is available on the SEC's website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov.

John Heldman

ITEM 2 - EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND AND BUSINESS EXPERIENCE

John E. Heldman, Partner, b. 1958

Education:

- B.S., Finance, California State University, Long Beach, 1984
- MBA, California State University, Long Beach, 1987
- Chartered Financial Analyst®, CFA Institute, 1989

Business Background:

John Heldman is the founder of Triad. Prior to founding Triad, John served as a Senior Vice President and Portfolio Manager for Neuberger Berman, LLC in Newport Beach for three years. Prior to that, beginning in June of 1999, he worked for Scudder Investor Services, Inc., which was acquired by Deutsche Bank. He was both a registered representative of Deutsche Bank Securities, Inc. and a Vice President and Portfolio Manager when he departed in November 2004. In September 1988, John was employed by Security Pacific Bank, which was acquired by Bank of America. John left Bank of America in June 1999 and was a Vice President and Portfolio Manager at that time.

Professional Designations

Chartered Financial Analyst

The Chartered Financial Analyst® (“CFA®”) designation is sponsored by the CFA Institute. To earn a CFA® charter, candidates must have four years of qualified investment work experience, become a member of CFA Institute, pledge to adhere to the CFA Institute Code of Ethics and Standards of Professional Conduct on an annual basis, apply for membership to a local CFA® member society, and complete the CFA® Program. The CFA Program® is organized into three levels, each culminating in a six-hour exam. The three proctored course exams correspond to three 250-hour self-study levels. Completing the Program takes most candidates between two and five years. More information regarding the CFA® is available at <https://www.cfainstitute.org>.

ITEM 3 - DISCIPLINARY INFORMATION

John Heldman has no disciplinary history to disclose.

ITEM 4 - OTHER BUSINESS ACTIVITIES

John Heldman’s only business is providing investment advice through Triad.

ITEM 5 - ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION

John Heldman’s only compensation comes from his regular salary and ownership of Triad.

ITEM 6 - SUPERVISION

John Heldman, Partner, supervises all employees. John Heldman can be reached at the phone number on the cover page of this supplement.

David Hutchison

ITEM 2 - EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND AND BUSINESS EXPERIENCE

David M. Hutchison, Partner, Chief Compliance Officer, b. 1970

Education:

- B.A., Political Science, Macalester College, 1993
- MBA, University of Southern California, 2000
- Chartered Financial Analyst®, CFA Institute, 2002

Business Background:

David Hutchison is Partner and Chief Compliance Officer at Triad. Prior to joining Triad in 2013, he served as Investment Strategist for Chamberlain Group, directing investment manager research since 2009. Prior to that, in 2005 he founded and managed Hutchison Capital, a registered investment advisor. From 2000-2005, he served as Equity Research Analyst for Insight Capital Research & Management, a registered investment advisor.

Professional Designations

Chartered Financial Analyst

The Chartered Financial Analyst® (“CFA®”) designation is sponsored by the CFA Institute. To earn a CFA® charter, candidates must have four years of qualified investment work experience, become a member of CFA Institute, pledge to adhere to the CFA Institute Code of Ethics and Standards of Professional Conduct on an annual basis, apply for membership to a local CFA® member society, and complete the CFA® Program. The CFA® Program is organized into three levels, each culminating in a six-hour exam. The three proctored course exams correspond to three 250-hour self-study levels. Completing the Program takes most candidates between two and five years. More information regarding the CFA® is available at <https://www.cfainstitute.org>.

ITEM 3 - DISCIPLINARY INFORMATION

David Hutchison has no disciplinary history to disclose.

ITEM 4 - OTHER BUSINESS ACTIVITIES

In addition to providing investment advice through Triad, David Hutchison serves as a member of CalOptima’s Investment Advisory Committee where he helps oversee the investment consultant and three outside managers that manage primarily corporate cash for CalOptima. Mr. Hutchison spends approximately 2 hrs./qtr. on this activity and is not compensated for his time.

ITEM 5 - ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION

David Hutchison’s only compensation comes from his regular salary and ownership of Triad.

ITEM 6 - SUPERVISION

John Heldman, Partner, supervises all employees. John Heldman monitors the advice provided by David Hutchison for consistency with client objectives and Triad's policies. John Heldman can be reached at the phone number on the cover page of this supplement.

FACTS

WHAT DOES TRIAD INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT, LLC ("TRIAD") DO WITH YOUR PERSONAL INFORMATION?

Why?

Financial companies choose how they share your personal information. Federal law gives consumers the right to limit some but not all sharing. Federal law also requires us to tell you how we collect, share, and protect your personal information. Please read this notice carefully to understand what we do.

What?

The types of personal information we collect and share depend on the product or service you have with us. This information can include:

- Social Security number and income
- account balances and transaction history
- assets and risk tolerance

When you are *no longer* our customer, we continue to share your information as described in this notice.

How?

All financial companies need to share customers' personal information to run their everyday business. In the section below, we list the reasons financial companies can share their customers' personal information; the reasons Triad chooses to share; and whether you can limit this sharing.

Reasons we can share your personal information	Does Triad share?	Can you limit this sharing?
For our everyday business purposes - as permitted by law	YES	NO
For our marketing purposes - to offer our products and services to you	NO	We Don't Share
For joint marketing with other financial companies	NO	We Don't Share
For our affiliates' everyday business purposes - information about your transactions and experiences	NO	We Don't Share
For our affiliates' everyday business purposes - information about your creditworthiness	NO	We Don't Share
For nonaffiliates to market to you	NO	We Don't Share

Questions?

Call (949) 679-3991 or go to www.triadim.com

WHO WE ARE

Who is providing this notice?

Triad Investment Management, LLC

WHAT WE DO

How does Triad protect my personal information?

To protect your personal information from unauthorized access and use, we use security measures that comply with federal law. These measures include computer safeguards and secure files and buildings.

How does Triad collect my personal information?

We collect your personal information, for example, when you

- seek advice about your investments
- enter into an investment advisory contract
- tell us about your investment or retirement portfolio
- tell us about your investment or retirement earnings
- give us your contact information

We also collect your personal information from other companies.

Why can't I limit all sharing?

Federal law gives you the right to limit only:

- sharing for affiliates' everyday business purposes - information about your creditworthiness
- affiliates from using your information to market to you
- sharing for nonaffiliates to market to you

State laws and individual companies may give you additional rights to limit sharing.

DEFINITIONS

Affiliates

Companies related by common ownership or control. They can be financial and nonfinancial companies.

- *Triad Investment Management, LLC has no affiliates*

Nonaffiliates

Companies not related by common ownership or control. They can be financial and non-financial companies.

- *Triad Investment Management, LLC does not share with nonaffiliates so they can market to you*

Joint Marketing

A formal agreement between nonaffiliated financial companies that together market financial products or services to you.

- *Triad Investment Management, LLC does not jointly market*